Economy Of Afghanistan



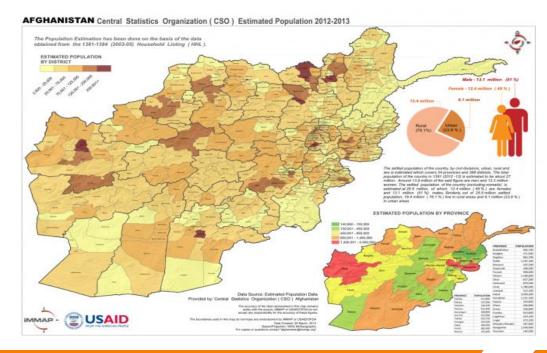
Statistics:

Population: 31,822,848

Urban Population: 7,904,024

Infant Mortality Rate: 11723 death/ 1,000 live birth

Age Dependency Ratio: 95.97



Government:

Official name of the country is Islamic Republic Of Afghanistan.

The leader is President Ashraf Ghani.



Economics:

Income level: Low income

GDP per capita = 664,76 GDP PPP=\$1,100

GDP growth % = 3.2% GDP rank= 108th out of 192

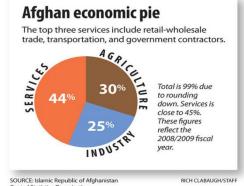
Top 3 products exported are: Raw cotton, coal, grapes, scrap

iron and resins.

Top 3 trade partners: Pakistan, India and United State.

Top industries: textiles, soaps, furniture, and rugs.







Weaknesses:

Our country needs:

State of war, withdrawal of international coalition forces.

Unstable geopolitical situation.

Extremely dependent on ait.

Fragile banking system.

Strengths:

Our country has:

Substantial support from the international community.

Raw material resources (gas, oil, mineral etc.)

Recommendations:

We, the economists of Afghanistan, have decided to make the following recommendations for our country to promote a higher standard of living and encourage GDP per capita growth.

- 1)Decrease inflation
- 2)Increase education & provide schools and hospital.
- 3)Decrease unemployment rate.

Executive Summary

• The country I did research was Afghanistan. I learned a lot about this country. Afghanistan is a poor country with a low income. Its population is about 31,822,848 and its GDP per capita (per person) is 664,76. Afghanistan is number 109th out of 192 based on its GDP rank. The country has more weakness than its strength. One of main reason why Afghanistan is one of the poor countries is because there is lack of education and the unemployment rate is very high due to the inflation. The President can help the economy grow by making more school and providing education. Over all, Afghanistan can be successful if there was more education.